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**B.Tech. (Electrical) (First Semester)
Mathematics-I (Calculus and Differential
Equations) (BSC103C)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 75

Note : It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part A in short. Answer any *four* questions from Part B in detail. Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.

Part A

1. ☒ (a) Evaluate the integral $\int_0^1 x^5 (1-x^3)^{10} dx$. 1.5

☒ (b) Use Taylor's Theorem to express the polynomial $2x^3 + 7x^2 + x - 6$ in powers of $(x - 2)$. 1.5

✓(c) Write a short note about Cauchy's integral test and log test of infinite series. 1.5

✓(d) Prove that $\text{div}\left(\frac{\vec{r}}{r^3}\right) = 0$. 1.5

✓(e) Evaluate $\iint e^{2x+3y} dx dy$ over the triangle $x = 0, y = 0$ and $x + y = 1$. 1.5

(f) State Stoke's Theorem. 1.5

✓(g) Solve the differential equation : 1.5
 $(2xy + e^y)dx + (x^2 + xe^y)dy = 0$.

✓(h) Define Clairaut's equation. Also find the general solution of the equation $p = \log(px - y)$. 1.5

✓(i) Evaluate the integral : 1.5
 $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\cos\theta} r \sin\theta dr d\theta$

✓(j) Solve by the method of separation of variables $x^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$. 1.5

Part B

2. (a) Show that the equation of the evolute of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is $4(y - 2a)^3 = 27ax^2$. 8

✓(b) Verify Rolle's Theorem for the function $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - x - 3$ in $[1, 3]$ and also find the appropriate value of c . 7

3. (a) Discuss the convergence of the series : 8

$$\frac{a+x}{1!} + \frac{(a+2x)^2}{2!} + \frac{(a+2x)^3}{3!} + \dots \infty$$

(b) Find the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x + x^2$ for $-\pi < x < \pi$. Deduce that : 8

$$\frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots$$

4. (a) Prove that of all the rectangular parallelepipeds of the given volume, the cube has the least surface. 8

- (b) Using Taylor's series, expand $\sin x$ in powers of $\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$. Hence find the value of $\sin 91^\circ$ correct to 4 decimal places. 7

5. (a) Find the volume of the ellipsoid : 8

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1.$$

- (b) Verify Divergence Theorem for $\vec{F} = (x^2 - yz)\hat{i} + (y^2 - zx)\hat{j} + (z^2 - xy)\hat{k}$, taken over the rectangular parallelepiped by $0 \leq x \leq a$, $0 \leq y \leq b$, $0 \leq z \leq c$. 7

6. (a) Find the power series solution of $(1 - x^2)y'' - 2xy' + 2y = 0$ about $x = 0$. 8

- (b) Solve the differential equation $(mz - ny)p + (nx - lz)q = ly - mx$. 7

7. (a) Solve $(p^2 + q^2)y = qz$. 8

- (b) Prove that $J_{-n}(x) = (-1)^n J_n(x)$, where n is a positive integer. 7