

Roll No. ....

Total Pages : 3

**008301**

**January, 2023**

**B.Tech.(ECE) IIIrd SEMESTER**

**Electronic Devices (EC-301)**

**Time : 3 Hours]**

**[Max. Marks : 75**

**Instructions :**

1. *It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part-A in short.*
2. *Answer any four questions from Part-B in detail each question maximum mark is 15.*
3. *Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.*

**PART-A**

1. (a) Define diffusion constant for holes and give its dimensions. (1.5)
- (b) Write the equation for the net current in a semiconductor. What is the physical significance of each term? (1.5)
- (c) Write the equation of diode. (1.5)
- (d) Write the generalized transistor equation for Bipolar Junction transistor. (1.5)
- (e) Compare the IV Characteristics of PN Junction diode for Ge and Si based diode. (1.5)
- (f) Define volt equivalent of temperature. (1.5)
- (g) What is the input resistance of MOSFET? (1.5)

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- (h) How the Channel resistance in MOSFET can be increased. Explain? (1.5)
- (i) Explain upon what four parameters does the contact difference of potential depend? (1.5)
- (j) Write three properties of silicon wafer. (1.5)

### PART-B

2. (a) The equation of continuity is a mathematical statement of what physical law? The left hand side of this equation for holes is  $dp/dt$ . The right hand side of this contains several terms. State in words (no mathematics) what each of these terms represent physically. (8)
- (b) For open circuited Bipolar Junction Transistor plot the minority concentration and potential distribution profile for *pnp* type of transistor. (7)
3. (a) Explain the breakdown mechanism in junction diodes in detail. (8)
- (b) Compare the Common Base and Common emitter input and output characteristics for the Bipolar Junction Transistor. (7)
4. (a) A Si sample is doped with  $10^{17}$  arsenic atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>. (8)
  - (i) Find minority concentration at room temperature.
  - (ii) Find the location of the Fermi level with respect to the intrinsic Fermi level. (Given that  $n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10}$  electrons/cm<sup>3</sup>).

- (b) Write a short note on doping and diffusion process used in Integrated circuit fabrication. (7)
5. Explain construction and working of n-channel enhancement type MOSFET in detail. Plot its small signal equivalent model when operating in saturation region. (15)
  6. Consider a step graded junction p-n junction with doping profile  $N_A > N_D$ . Then derive a mathematical relationship for charge density, field intensity and potential as a function of distance from the junction for reverse bias. (15)
  7. (a) Explain the term Etching and its type for device fabrication.
  - (b) Define overdrive voltage and its significance in MOSFET operation.
  - (c) Find the location of Fermi energy level for intrinsic and extrinsic type of semiconductors. (5+5+5)