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Total Pages: 03

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May 2024

B. Tech. (ENC) (Fourth Semester)
Digital Communication (ECP-401)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 75

Note: It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part A in short. Answer any four questions from Part B in detail. Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.

## Part A

- 1. (a) Define Digital signal. Give its any two applications.

  1.5
  - (b) Enlist any three properties of Fourier Transform. Give their significance also. 1.5
  - (c) Enlists any *three* salient features of Interface RS 232.
  - (d) Define differential Manchester encoding.
    Also, give its merits.

    1.5
  - (e) What is meant by connection-oriented services? Give examples and applications.

1.5

Define Frequency division multiplexing. Give its any two applications. 1.5 Make comparisons between Amplitude and Phase modulation. What is meant by Run length encoding? Give its merits and demerits. 1.5 State and explain Nyquist theorem. 1.5 (i) Define CRC. Give its advantages. 1.5 Part B Explain any two properties of Fourier series. Also, discuss the effects of limited bandwidth on digital signals. What is meant by PSD and ESD ? Differentiate between digital and analog signals.

Make comparisons among Twisted pair,

Define the terms NRZ and delay distortion. Explain the operation of X.21 interface. 10

Coaxial and Fiber optic-cables.

- 5. (a) Make differences between circuit switching and packet switching systems. 5
  - (b) Define PSTN. Using schematics, explain the working, merits and demerits of ISDN. 10
- 6. (a) What is security in data communications?

  Using an example, explain parity check, block sum check and frame check sequences used for Error detection.
  - (b) Make comparisons between secret-key cryptography and public-key cryptography.
- Differentiate between feedback, forward-error control approaches. Using an example, explain the operation and advantages of Huffman encoding in digital communication.

circuits.

4. Differentiate simplex, half duplex and full duplex

communication modes. Using an example. explain the concept of sliding window protocol and virtual

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