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**015406**

**August/September 2022**  
**B.Tech. (ENC) IV SEMESTER**  
**Theory of Signal System (ECP-406)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :**

1. *It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part-A in short.*
2. *Answer any four questions from Part-B in detail.*
3. *Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.*

**PART-A**

1. (a) State the two properties of unit impulse function.

(1.5)

- (b) Determine whether the following signals is energy or power signal. Also calculate its energy and power

$$x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t).$$

(1.5)

- (c) What is the overall impulse response  $h(t)$  when two systems with impulse response  $h_1(t)$  and  $h_2(t)$  are connected in :

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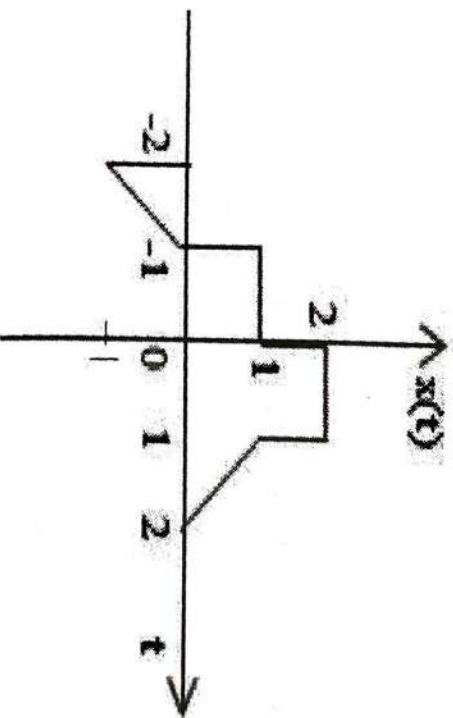
- (i) parallel (ii) series. (1.5)
- (d) State the necessary and sufficient condition on impulse response for LTI system to be causal. (1.5)
- (e) Find the Fourier Transform of a DC signal of amplitude 1. (1.5)
- (f) What do you mean by aliasing? (1.5)
- (g) What is the relationship between DTFT and z-transform? (1.5)
- (h) What is the ROC of z-transform for a finite duration anti-causal sequence? (1.5)
- (i) State any two properties of ROC of Laplace Transform. (1.5)
- (j) Determine the Laplace Transform of  $\delta(t - 3)$ . (1.5)

### PART-B

2. (a) Check whether the following systems are Linear/Non-Linear, Time Variant/Invariant, Static/Dynamic, Causal/Non-causal and Stable/Unstable :
- (i)  $y(n) = x(n^2)$  (ii)  $y(t) = ax(t) + b$ . (10)
- (b) A continuous time signal  $x(t)$  is shown below. Sketch and label carefully each of the following signal :
- $x(t - 1)$ .
  - $x(2 - t)$ .

- $x(t) \cdot \left[ \delta\left(t - \frac{3}{2}\right) - \delta\left(t + \frac{3}{2}\right) \right]$ .
- $x(2t + 1)$ .

(5)



3. (a) Find the frequency response of a linear shift invariant system whose input and output satisfy the difference equation :
- $$y[n] - 0.5y[n - 1] = x[n] + 2x[n - 1] + x[n - 3]. \quad (5)$$
- (b) Consider  $h[n] = \{1, 3, 2, -1, 1\}$  with origin at 3, and  $x[n] = u[n] - u[n - 3]$ , determine the output  $y[n]$  of the LTI system? (5)
- (c) Derive the expression for convolution sum if the input  $x[n]$  and impulse response  $h[n]$  is given. (5)

4. (a) Determine the circular convolution of two sequence  $x_1[n] = \{1, 2, 1, 0\}$  with  $x_2[n] = \{1, 0, 1, 1\}$ . (5)

(b) State and prove the convolution property of DTFT. (5)

(c) Determine the Fourier Transform of the following :

(i)  $x(t) = \text{sgn}(t)$  (ii)  $x(t) = \cos \omega_0 t$ . (5)

5. (a) Using Laplace transform, find the impulse response of an LTI system described by the differential equation :

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 3 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = x(t)$$

with all initial condition as zero. (7)

(b) Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$X(s) = \frac{4}{(s+4)(s+2)},$$

if the ROC is :

(i)  $-2 > \text{Re}[s] > -4$ .

(ii)  $\text{Re}[s] > -2$ .

(iii)  $\text{Re}[s] < -4$ .

(8)

6. (a) A Linear LTI system is characterized by the following difference equation :

$$y(n) - \frac{3}{2}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-2) = x(n), \quad n \geq 0$$

Where  $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$

Subject to  $y(-1) = 4$  and  $y(-2) = 10$ .

Determine the Zero Input Response and Zero State Response. (8)

(b) Determine the z-transform of  $x(n) = a^n \cos \omega_0 n u(n)$ . Find the condition for ROC also. (7)

7. (a) State and prove sampling theorem. (5)

(b) Determine the Fourier Transform of  $x(t) = e^{-a|t|}$ . (5)

(c) Determine the z-transform and sketch the pole zero plot with the ROC for

$$x[n] = (0.5)^n u[n] - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]. \quad (5)$$

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